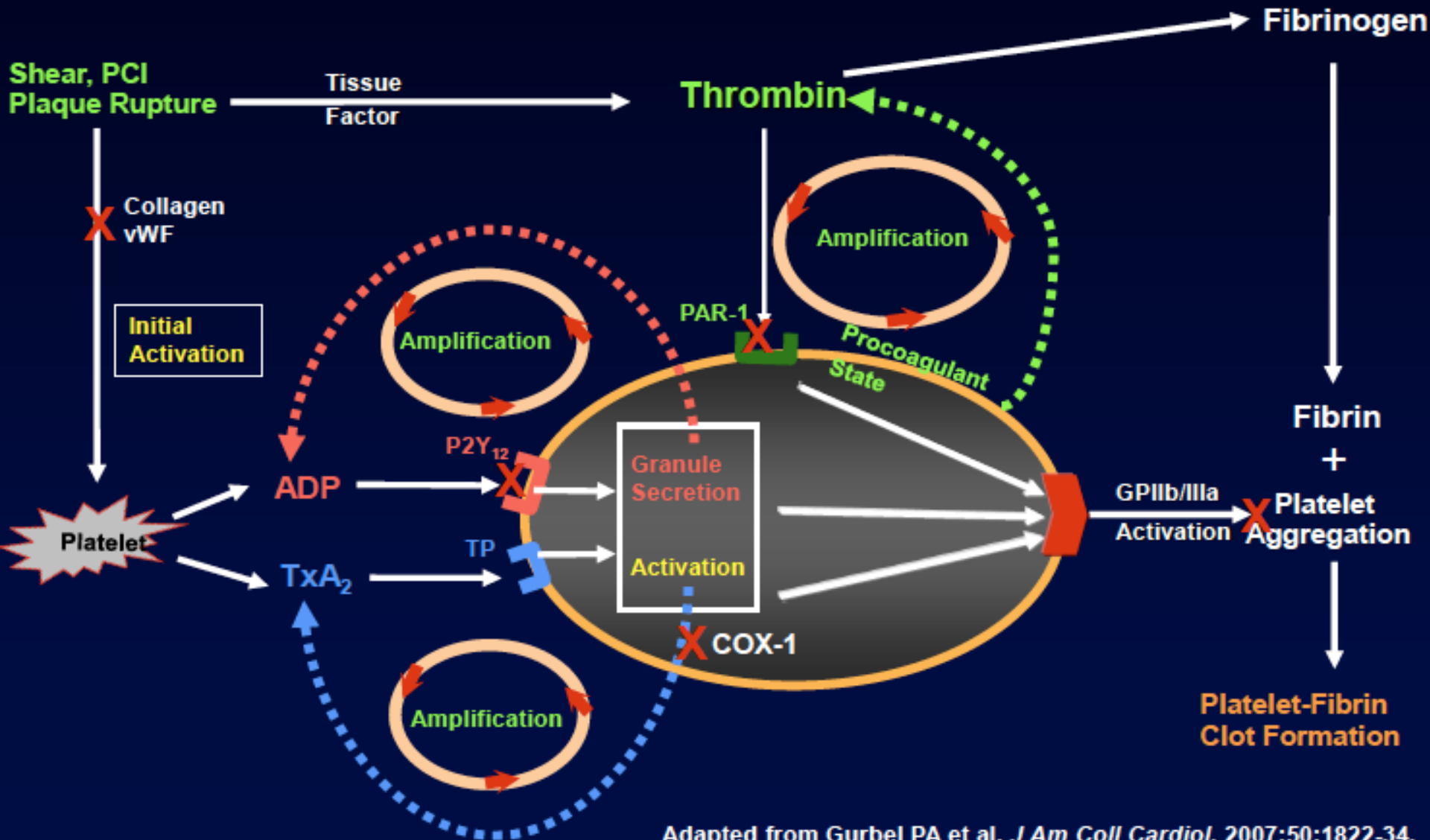


Now that we have the choices,  
which antiplatelet drug is preferred  
prior to PCI in the elective and in  
the ACS patient?

Dr Alejandro Martínez Sepúlveda  
Universidad Católica de Chile

La inhibición plaquetaria es  
fundamental para prevenir  
complicaciones isquémicas  
posteriores a PCI

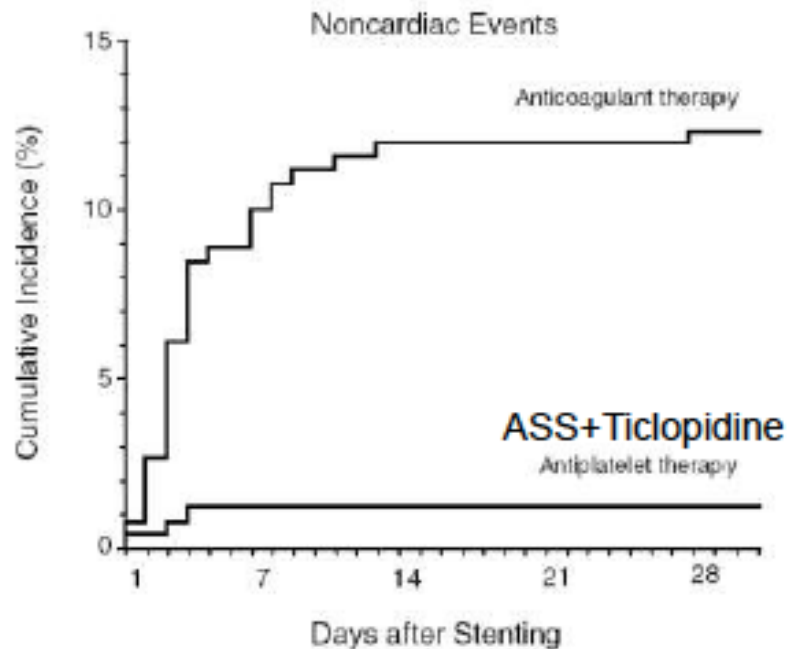
# Rol central de las plaquetas y su interacción con la coagulación en la producción de trombosis



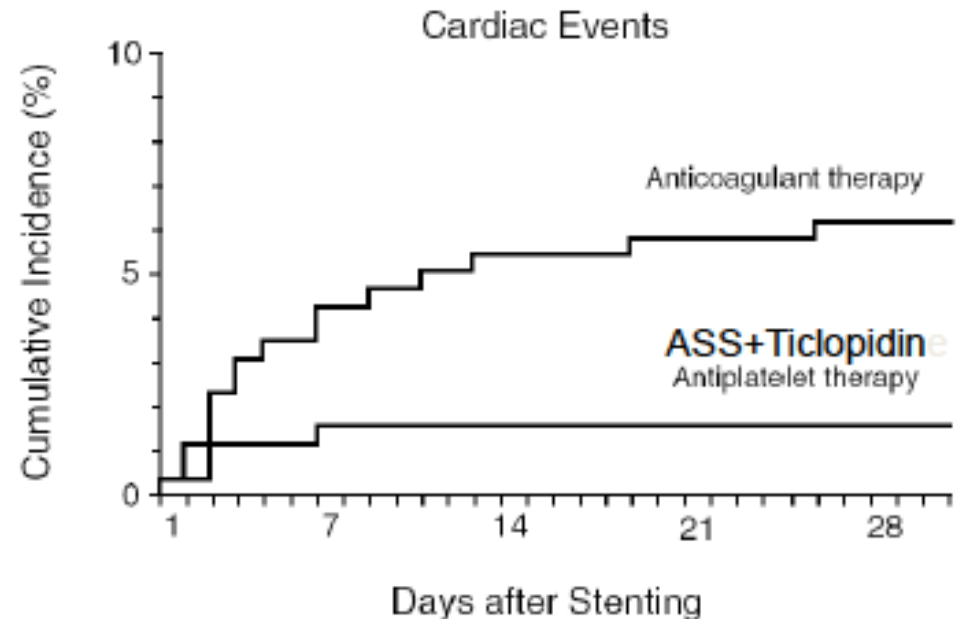
# First ISAR trial

## Dual antiplatelet therapy vs. anticoagulant therapy

### Bleeding events

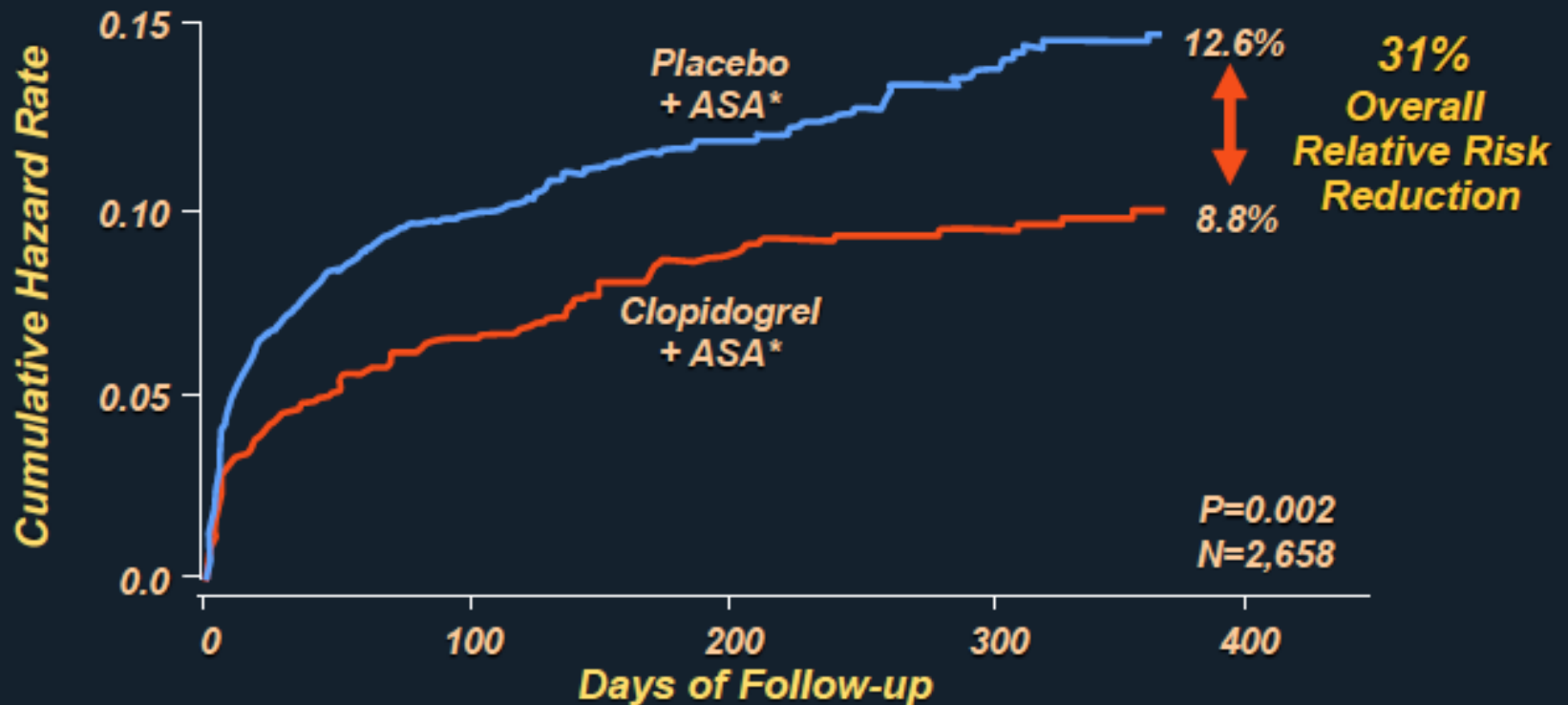


### Ischemic Events



# PCI-CURE

## Composite of MI or Cardiovascular Death From Randomization to End of Follow-Up



\* In addition to other standard therapies.

Mehta SR, et al, for the CURE Investigators. Lancet. 2001;358:527-533.

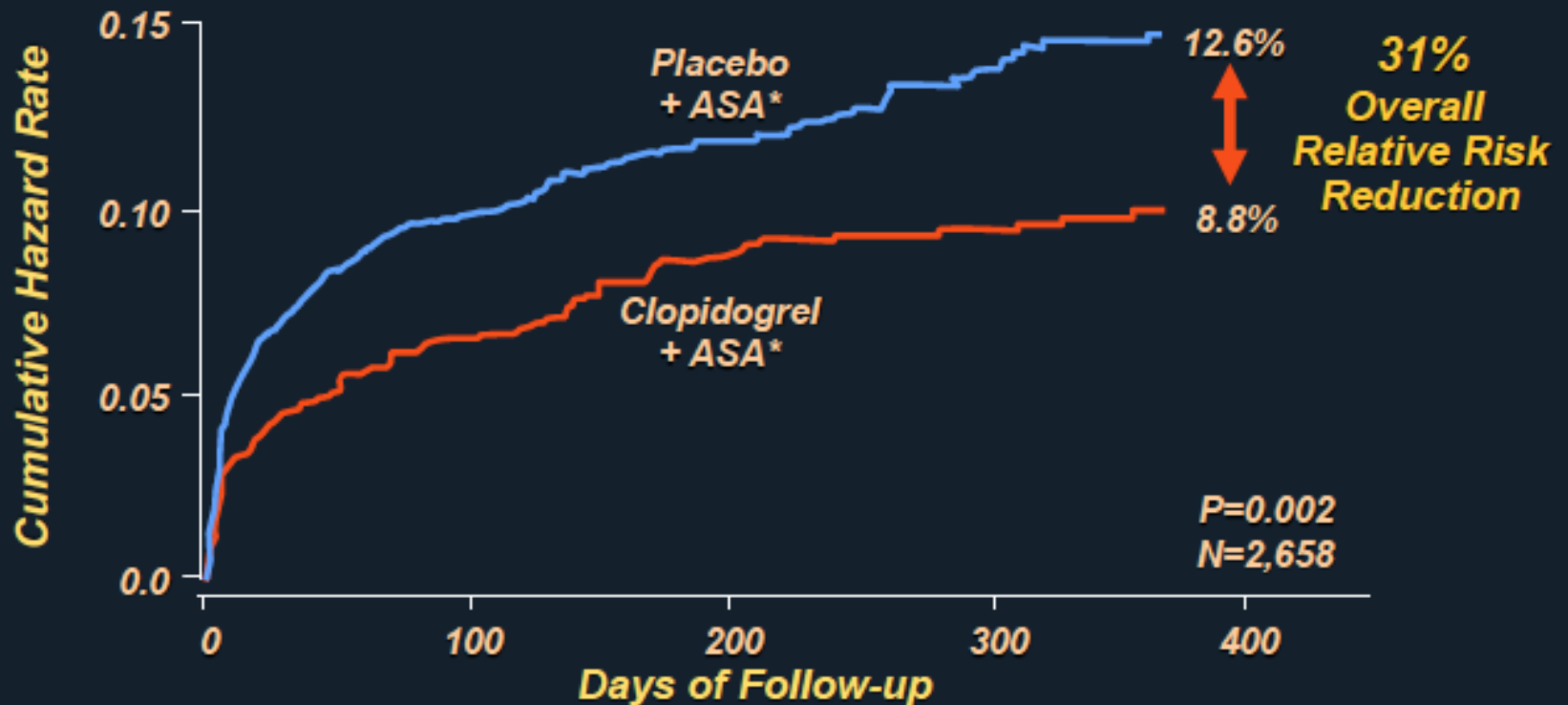
## Tratamiento antiplaquetario estándar en PCI

- Aspirin, (325/100)
- Clopidogrel, (600/150/75)

*“La interrupción de este tratamiento es el mayor predictor de Trombosis intra-stent”*

# PCI-CURE

## Composite of MI or Cardiovascular Death From Randomization to End of Follow-Up



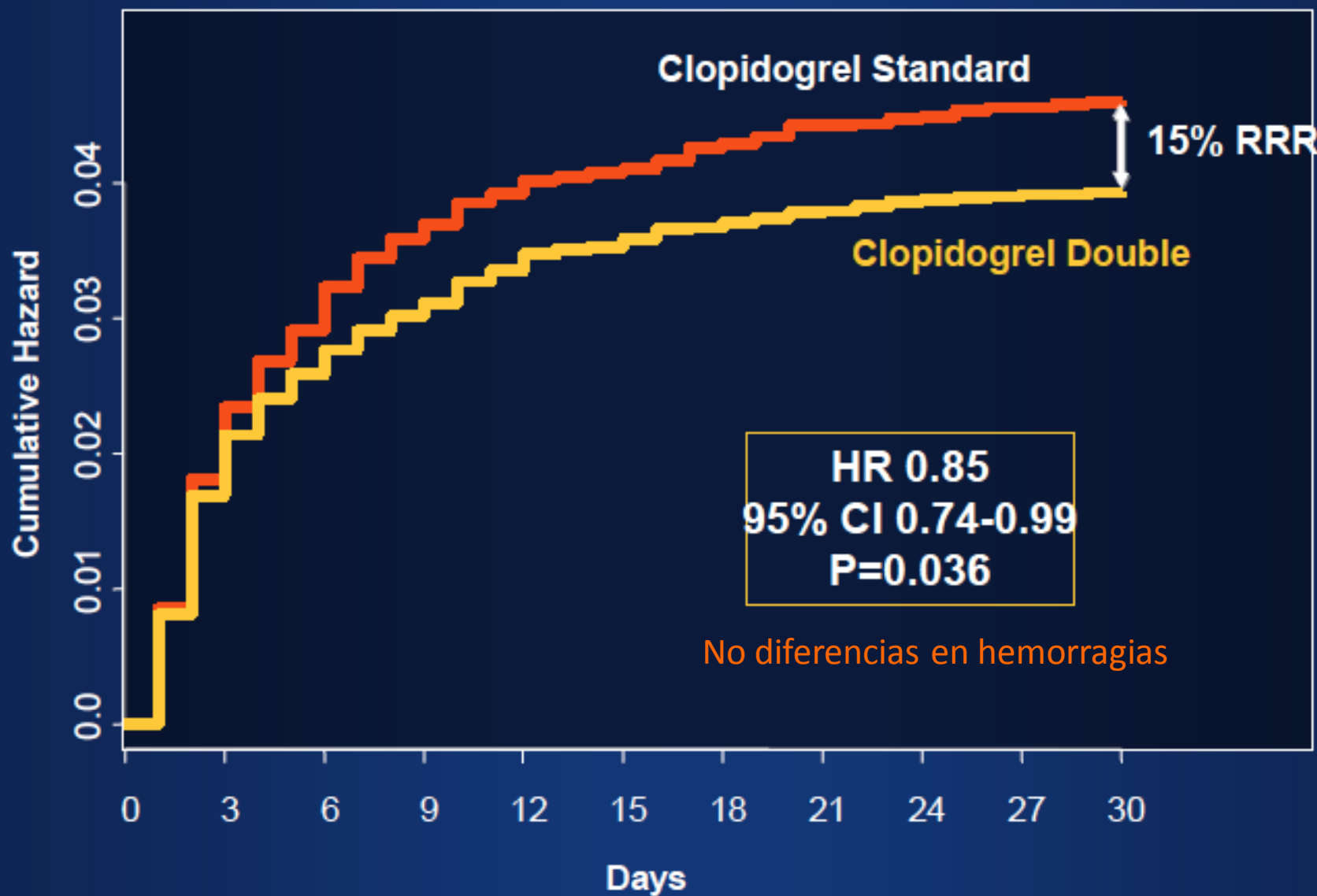
\* In addition to other standard therapies.

Mehta SR, et al, for the CURE Investigators. Lancet. 2001;358:527-533.

# Clopidogrel: Double vs Standard Dose

## Primary Outcome: PCI Patients

CV Death, MI or Stroke



# Limitaciones del Clopidogrel

- Lento comienzo en su acción sobre plaquetas
- Gran variabilidad de su efecto entre los individuos
  - 20 a 30% de los pacientes no tienen inhibición plaquetaria con las dosis habituales
- Pro-droga que requiere 2 procesos de activación que involucran una serie de isoenzimas CYP
- Susceptible a interferencias genéticas y por otras drogas
- Inhibición plaquetaria irreversible

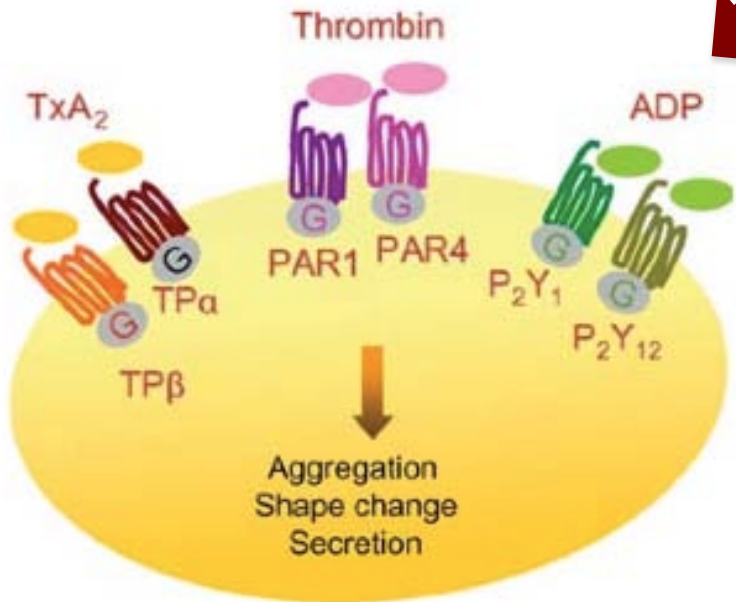
# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y12

## Indirectos (Tienopiridinas)

- Ticlopidina
- Clopidogrel
- **Prasugrel**

## Directos ( No Tienopiridinas)

- Cangrelor
- **Ticagrelor**
- Elinogrel



# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y<sub>12</sub>

## Prasugrel

- Tienopiridina
- Bloquea en forma irreversible el receptor ADP P2Y<sub>12</sub>
- Inhibición plaquetaria más rápida y potente que clopidrogel
- Conversión a metabolito activo menos dependiente de CYP
- Menor variabilidad entre individuos
- No se ha demostrado vulnerabilidad a variaciones genéticas

# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y<sub>12</sub>

## Ticagrelor

- No Tienopiridina, Trizolopiridina
- Primer inhibidor directo, reversible, vo
- No es pro-droga, no requiere activación metabólica
- Mayor inhibición plaquetaria que el clopidrogel
- “onset y offset” más rápido que clopidrogel
- Recuperación funcional de las plaquetas

# TRITON-Study Design

*ACS (STEMI or UA/NSTEMI) & Planned PCI*

**ASA**



**N= 13,600**

**Double-blind**

**CLOPIDOGREL**  
300 mg LD/ 75 mg MD

**PRASUGREL**  
60 mg LD/ 10 mg MD

**Median duration of therapy – 12 months**

**1° endpoint:** CV death, MI, Stroke

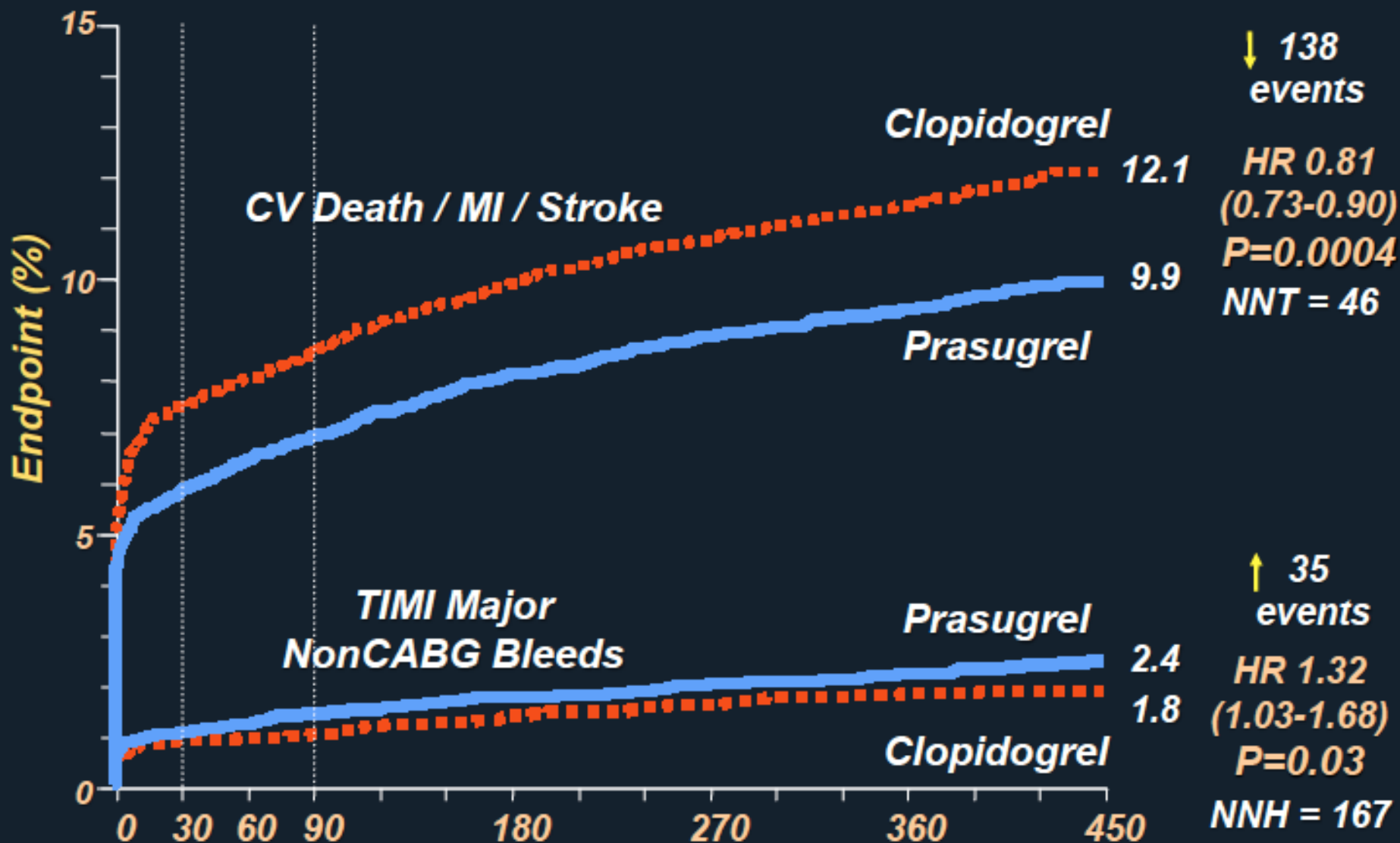
**2° endpoints:** CV death, MI, Stroke, Rehosp-Rec Isch, CV death, MI, UTVR  
Stent Thrombosis (ARC definite/prob.)

**Safety endpoints:** TIMI major bleeds, Life-threatening bleeds

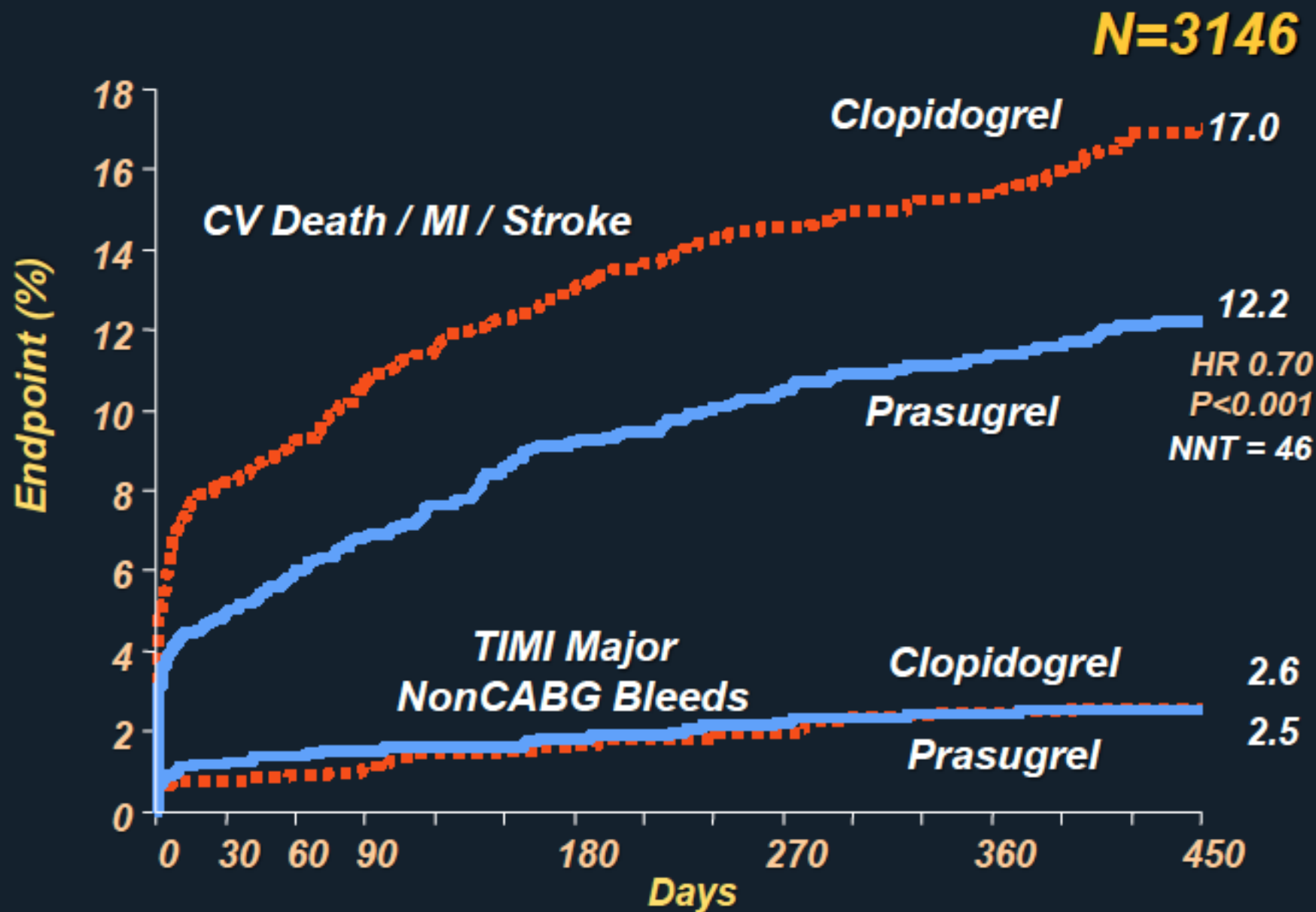
**Key Substudies:** Pharmacokinetic, Genomic

# TRITON: Eficacia y Seguridad

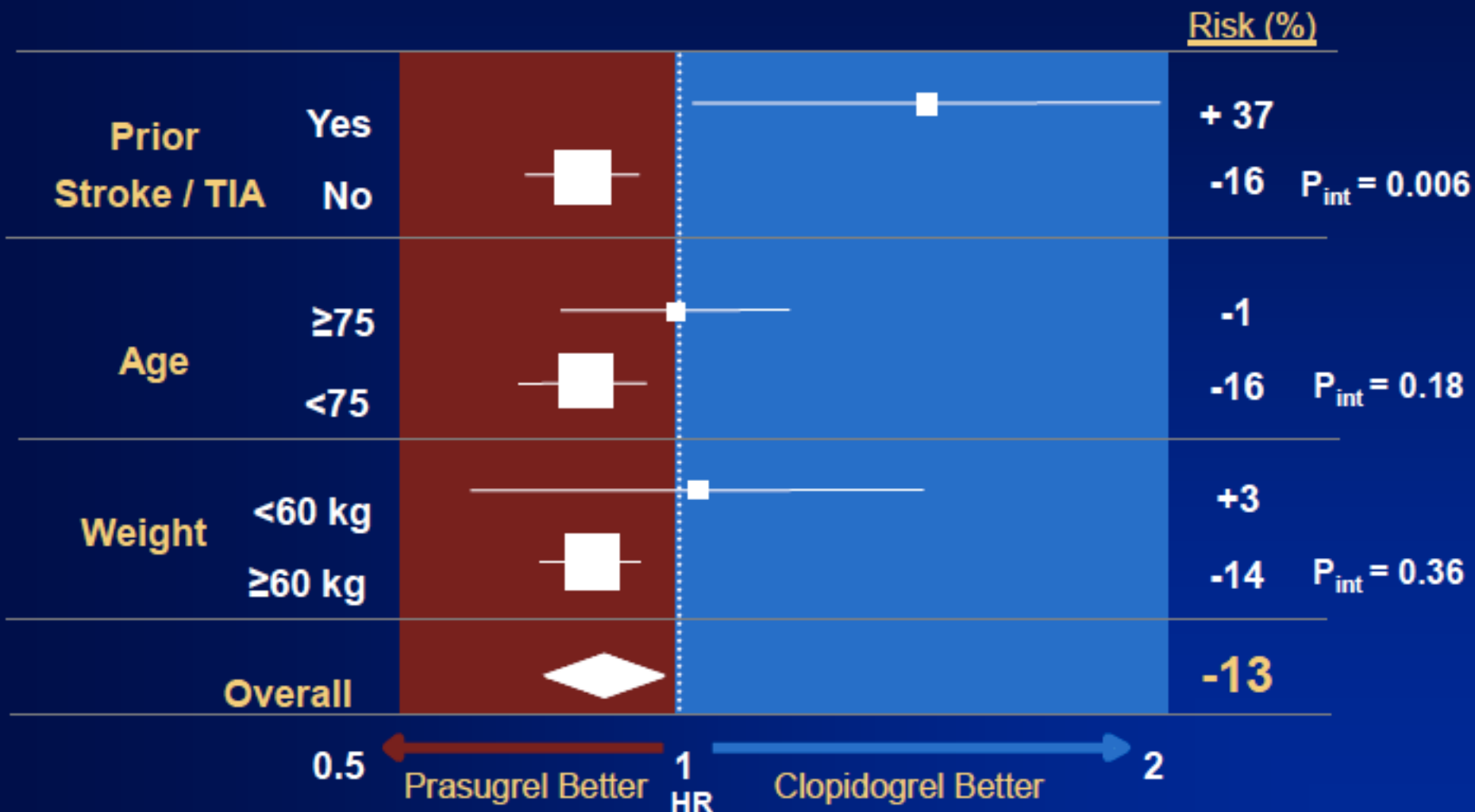
Wiviott et al. NEJM 2007;357:2001



# TRITON: Subgrupo de Diabéticos



# TRITON TIMI-38 Net Clinical Benefit: Bleeding Risk Subgroups



Post-hoc analysis

Wiviott SD, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2007;357:2001-2015.

NSTE-ACS (moderate-to-high risk) STEMI (if primary PCI)  
Clopidogrel-treated or -naive;  
randomised within 24 hours of index event  
(N=18,624)

## Clopidogrel

If pre-treated, no additional loading dose;  
if naive, standard 300 mg loading dose,  
then 75 mg qd maintenance;  
(additional 300 mg allowed pre PCI)

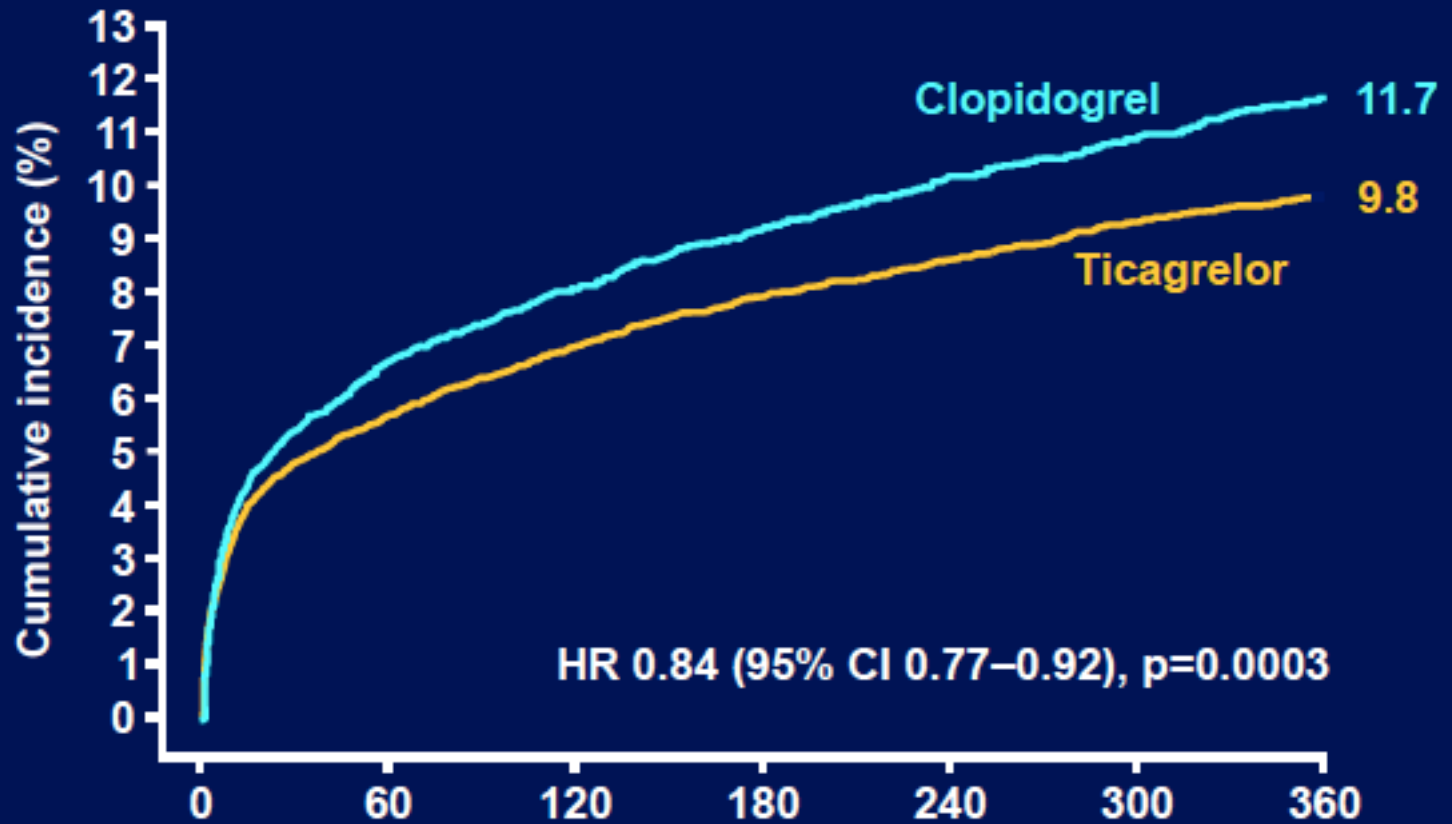
## Ticagrelor

180 mg loading dose, then  
90 mg bid maintenance;  
(additional 90 mg pre-PCI)

6–12-month exposure

Primary endpoint: CV death + MI + Stroke  
Primary safety endpoint: Total major bleeding

# PLATO: Muerte cardiovascular, IAM, AVE



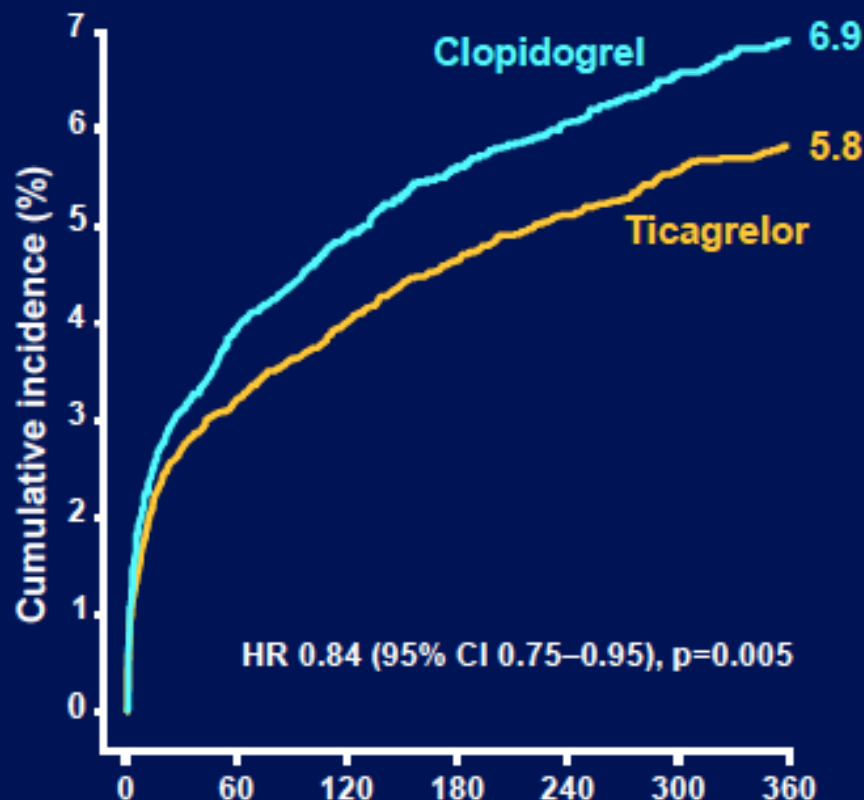
No. at risk

Ticagrelor 9,333 8,628 8,460 8,219 6,743 5,161 4,147

Clopidogrel 9,291 8,521 8,362 8,124 6,743 5,096 4,047

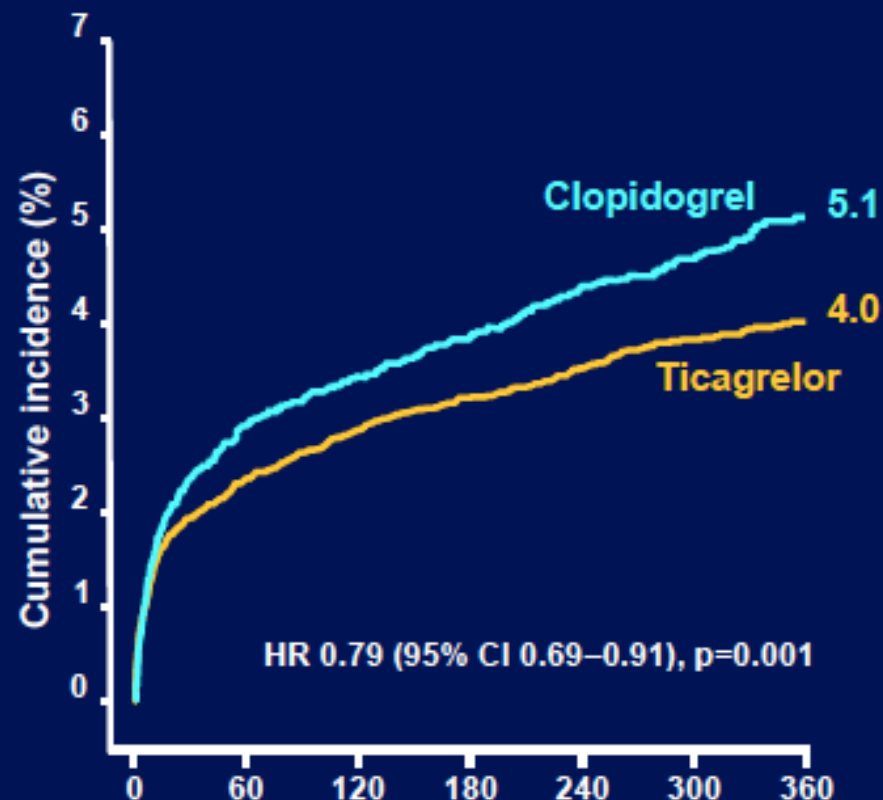
# PLATO: Endpoints secundarios

**Myocardial infarction**



HR 0.84 (95% CI 0.75–0.95), p=0.005

**Cardiovascular death**



HR 0.79 (95% CI 0.69–0.91), p=0.001

No. at risk

**Days after randomisation**

|             | 0     | 60    | 120   | 180   | 240   | 300   | 360   |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ticagrelor  | 9,333 | 8,678 | 8,520 | 8,279 | 6,796 | 5,210 | 4,191 |
| Clopidogrel | 9,291 | 8,560 | 8,405 | 8,177 | 6,703 | 5,136 | 4,109 |

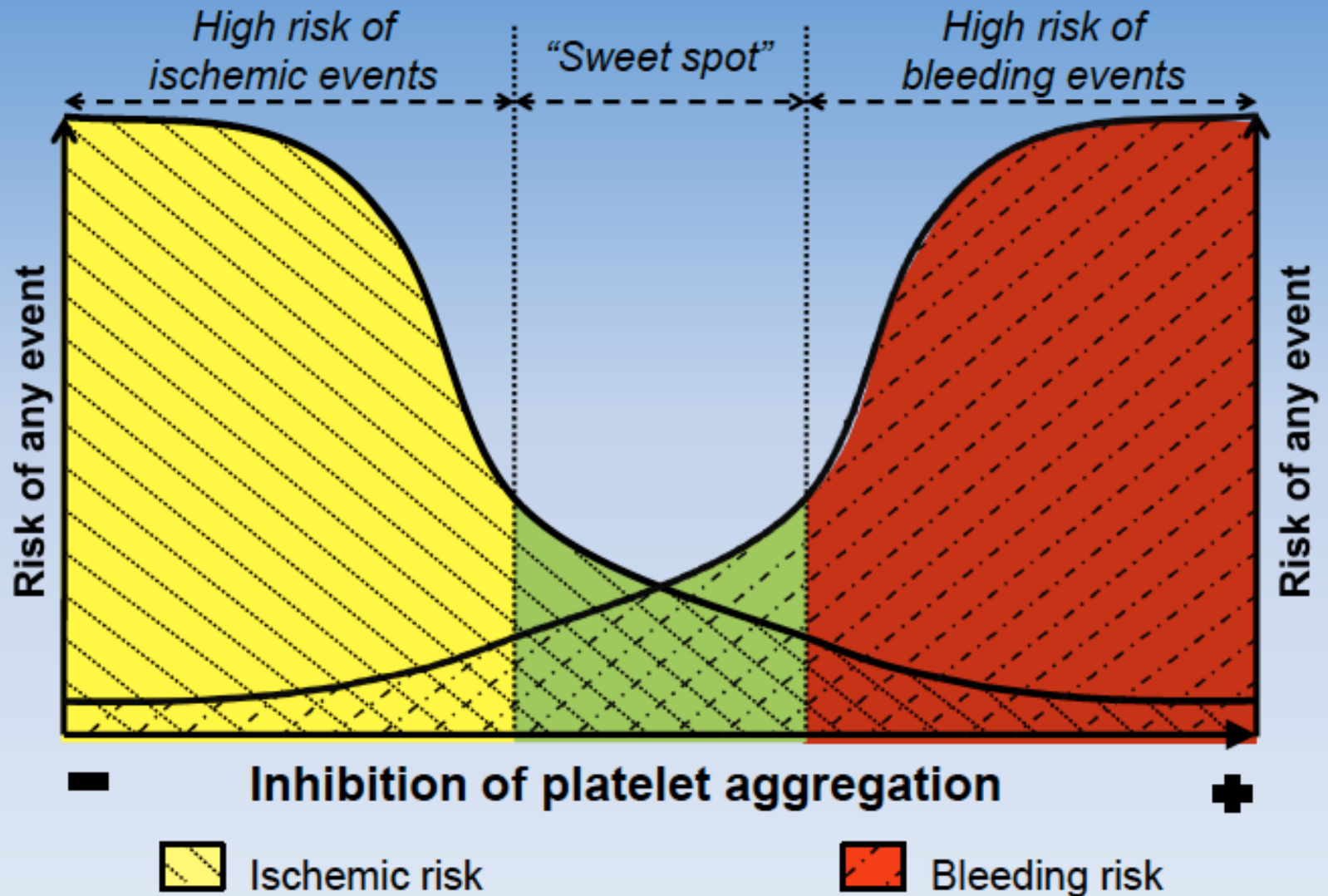
|             | 0     | 60    | 120   | 180   | 240   | 300   | 360   |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ticagrelor  | 9,333 | 8,294 | 8,822 | 8,626 | 7,119 | 5,482 | 4,419 |
| Clopidogrel | 9,291 | 8,865 | 8,780 | 8,589 | 7,079 | 5,441 | 4,364 |

# PLATO: Otros efectos secundarios

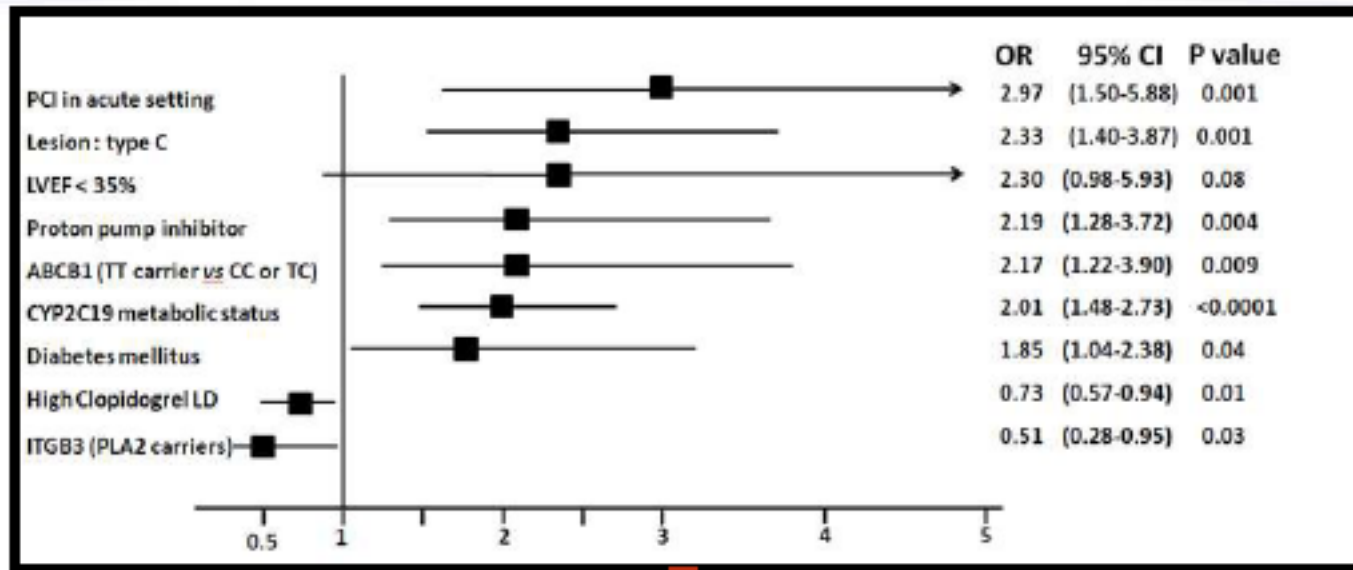
|                                 | Ticagrelor | Clopidrogel | p      |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| Disnea (%)                      | 13,8       | 7,8         | <0,001 |
| Pausas > 3 seg<br>en Holter (%) | 5,8        | 3,6         | 0,01   |
| Aumento<br>Uricemia (%)         | 14±46      | 7±44        | <0,001 |
| Aumento<br>Creatinina (%)       | 10±22      | 8±21        | <0,001 |

|                       | CURE<br>N = 12.562     |      | TRITON<br>N = 13.608  |      | PLATO<br>N = 18.624    |      |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|------------------------|------|
|                       | Clopidrogel<br>Placebo |      | Prasugrel Clopidrogel |      | Ticagrelor Clopidrogel |      |
| Muerte Cardiovascular | 5,1                    | 6,2  | 2,1                   | 2,4  | 4,0                    | 5,1  |
| IAM                   | 5,2                    | 6,7  | 7,3                   | 9,5  | 5,8                    | 6,9  |
| AVE                   | 1,2                    | 1,4  | 1,0                   | 1,0  | 1,5                    | 1,3  |
| COMBO                 | 9,3                    | 11,4 | 9,9                   | 12,1 | 9,8                    | 11,7 |
| Hemorragia mayor      | 3,7                    | 2,7  | 2,5                   | 1,7  | 2,8                    | 2,2  |

# Balancing Safety and Efficacy



# Predictores de Trombosis del stent



## Non-genetic correlates

- PCI in acute setting
- Left ventricular dysfunction (<40%)
- ACC/AHA type C lesion
- Diabetes mellitus
- High clopidogrel LD
- Proton pump inhibitor

Modifiable factors

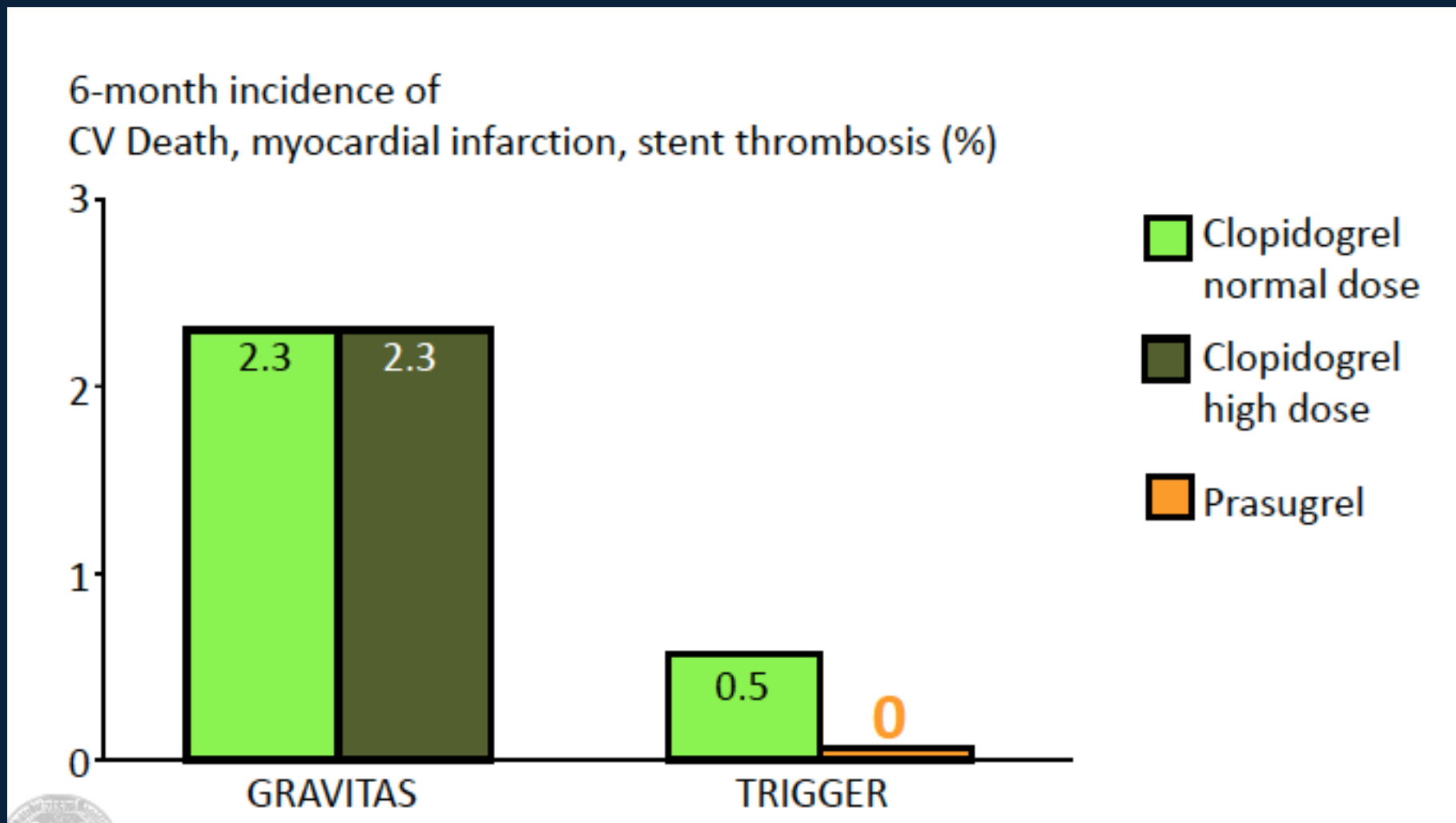
## Genetic correlates

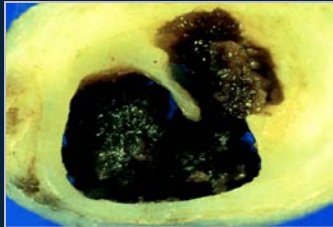
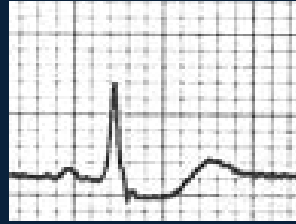
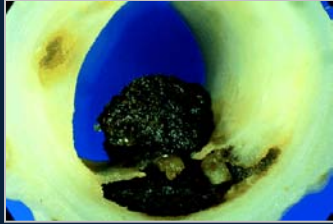
- CYP2C19 metabolism status (RM<<EM<<IM<< PM)
- ABCB1 (TT carrier vs TC or CC)
- ITGB3 PLA2

# Antiplaquetarios preferidos previos a la PCI

- Pacientes electivos
- Pacientes con SCA
  - Sin SDST
  - Con SDST

# Elective PCI: Clopidogrel sufficient





# ESC Guidelines for acute coronary syndromes without ST elevation 2011

| Recomendaciones                                                                                                               | Clase | Nivel |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| ASA debería indicarse en todos los pacientes, a dosis de carga de 150-300 mg y dosis de mantención de 75-100 mg               | I     | A     |
| Un inhibidor P2Y12 debería adicionarse a la asa tan pronto como sea posible y mantenerlo por 12 meses salvo contraindicación  | I     | A     |
| Ticagrelor es recomendado para todos los pacientes de riesgo moderado o alto                                                  | I     | B     |
| Prasugrel es indicado en pacientes de alto riesgo (diabéticos) cuando la anatomía coronaria es conocida                       | I     | B     |
| Clopidogrel (300/75) es recomendado para los pacientes que no puedan recibir ticagrelor o prasugrel                           | I     | A     |
| Clopidogrel (600/75) indicado en pacientes de alto riesgo sometidos a ACP cuando no tienen opción para ticagrelor o prasugrel | I     | B     |

## 2012 ACCF/AHA UA/NSTEMI Focused Update

| Recommendations for Antiplatelet Therapy in PCI                                                                                    | Level |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ASA should be administered as soon as possible after hospital presentation and continued indefinitely in patients who tolerate it. | A     |
| Patients should receive dual antiplatelet therapy.<br>The choice of a second antiplatelet drug added to aspirin includes:          | A     |
| Before PCI                                                                                                                         |       |
| • Clopidogrel, or                                                                                                                  | B     |
| • Ticagrelor, or                                                                                                                   | B     |
| • An IV GP IIb/IIIa inhibitor                                                                                                      | A     |

## 2012 ACCF/AHA UA/NSTEMI Focused Update

| Recommendations for Antiplatelet Therapy in PCI                                                                                    | Level |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ASA should be administered as soon as possible after hospital presentation and continued indefinitely in patients who tolerate it. | A     |
| Patients should receive dual antiplatelet therapy.<br>The choice of a second antiplatelet drug added to aspirin includes:          | A     |
| At the time of PCI                                                                                                                 |       |
| • Clopidogrel if not started before, or                                                                                            | A     |
| • Prasugrel, or                                                                                                                    | B     |
| • Ticagrelor, or                                                                                                                   | B     |
| • An IV GP IIb/IIIa inhibitor                                                                                                      | A     |

# Antiplaquetarios preferidos previos a la PCI

- Pacientes electivos
- Pacientes con SCA
  - Sin SDST
  - Con SDST

# Subgroups in PLATO

| Characteristic                 | Hazard Ratio<br>(95% CI)                                                           | Total<br>Patients | KM % at<br>Month 12 |      | HR (95% CI)       |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|
|                                |                                                                                    |                   | Ti.                 | CI.  |                   |
| Overall Treatment Effect       |   | 18624             | 9.8                 | 11.7 | 0.84 (0.77, 0.92) |
| New ST elevation/LBBB at rand. |                                                                                    |                   |                     |      |                   |
| No                             |   | 11074             | 10.1                | 12.3 | 0.83 (0.74, 0.93) |
| Yes                            |   | 7544              | 9.4                 | 10.8 | 0.87 (0.75, 1.01) |
| First Troponin I               |                                                                                    |                   |                     |      |                   |
| Positive                       |   | 15089             | 10.3                | 12.3 | 0.85 (0.77, 0.94) |
| Negative                       |  | 2968              | 7.0                 | 7.0  | 1.00 (0.75, 1.32) |

## 2010 ESC Guidelines for coronary interventions

| Antiplatelet therapy in primary PCI                                                        | Class | Level |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| ASA                                                                                        | I     | B     |
| Clopidogrel (with 600 mg loading dose as soon as possible)                                 | I     | C     |
| Prasugrel                                                                                  | I     | B     |
| Ticagrelor                                                                                 | I     | B     |
| + GPIIb-IIIa antagonists (in patients with evidence of high intracoronary thrombus burden) | IIa   | A     |

# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y<sub>12</sub>

## Terapia Antiplaquetaria Individualizada

Aunque los datos mostrados todavía son insuficientes, en el momento actual deberíamos elegir:

1.- En los pacientes electivos: “clopidogrel”

2.- En los pacientes con SCA sin SDST

- Clopidogrel cuando existe mayor riesgo de sangrado.
- Prasugrel o Ticagrelor son las opciones en resistencia clínica al clopidogrel

# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y<sub>12</sub>

## Terapia Antiplaquetaria Individualizada

- Prasugrel o ticagrelor pueden ser alternativa razonable en pacientes de muy alto riesgo de trombosis intra-stent (diabéticos, anatomía o procedimientos complejos), especialmente si no han sido premedicados
- En la mayor parte de los pacientes, en cambio, en el momento actual nuestra mayor preocupación debería ser lograr una buena premedicación y adherencia al tratamiento habitual

# Inhibidores Receptor P2Y<sub>12</sub>

## Terapia Antiplaquetaria Individualizada

### 3.- En los pacientes con SCA con SDST

- Aunque falta información, los nuevos antiplaquetarios se vislumbran como muy promisorios

# The double-edge sword

